

WEEKLY EXPOSITOR.

DEL. T. SUTTON, PUBLISHER.

BROCKWAY CENTER, - MICH.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

MICHIGAN.

Dr. Jas. A. Brown, a well and favorably known physician of Detroit, was buried on Tuesday.

The President has nominated J. W. Stone of Grand Rapids for U. S. attorney of the western district.

Mrs. Christy's irritating conduct at home and her bad behavior abroad are set forth in the depositions of the ex-minister's sons, George and Victor. Commissioner Charles Flowers of Detroit has forwarded the depositions. The Grand Rapids Sanger Hall burned on Sunday. Powers' opera house, the Leader newspaper office and the Michigan State Zeitung, narrowly escaped destruction.

Mrs. Zerula Sprague, Kalamazoo, wife of the late Wm. B. Sprague, member of congress in 1880, subsequently Indian agent, died on Monday after five days of severe illness. She was the mother of Mrs. M. D. Woodford of Kalamazoo and Mrs. Minor Parish of Jackson. Her son, Lieut. Chas. W. Sprague, was a gallant officer in the cavalry during the last war.

Mrs. Fanny M. Gosh, aged 85 years, mother of Mrs. Fancher of Homer, Mrs. H. M. Dean of Niles and the Hon. E. T. Coan of Albion, N. Y., was buried on Monday. Her brother-in-law, Rev. Dr. Titus Coan, is known the Christian world over for his wonderful missionary work in the Sandwich Islands, and one of her sons was Rev. Dr. Geo. W. Coan who recently died at Wooster, Ohio, and who for thirty years was missionary in Persia.

Five cases of small-pox are reported in one family in Battle Creek: N. E. Townsend and wife, and H. Halliday, wife and child. Many are reported as being exposed.

At the annual session in Kalamazoo of the W. C. T. U. of Michigan Mrs. Mary T. Lathrop presided. Some 200 delegates are present.

Marshall has settled with Mrs. M. McHugh or \$1,400 damages owing to bad street crossing.

The fine residence of E. E. Bostwick near Union City was destroyed by fire on the 23d.

Chas. H. Fonda, the Constantine defaulting cashier, has been sentenced to five years in the Detroit house of correction.

John McArthur, East Saginaw, is missing, with fears that all is not right.

Prosecuting Attorney DeLong, at Muskegon, feeling that he has lost his grip, resigns, and the strike may be considered virtually ended.

Robbers are numerous in Battle Creek. An attempt was made upon the safe of L. B. Clapp lumber dealer, on the night of the 23d.

The safe was badly bruised and the door wrenched but the thieves were probably frightened away before securing any booty.

The body of Mrs. Eva Humphrey, of Adrian, has been found near where she was drowned in Maumee river, Toledo.

The Senate has passed the House bill confirming the home-estate entry of Arthur W. Eastman, made at Traverse City, Mich., May 22, 1876, declaring that upon payment at the District Land Office, at Reed City, of the final commission, he shall be entitled to a final certificate and patent for the land.

Jedediah Yager, an old resident of Clarkston, Oakland Co., has been arrested on a charge of arson. Yager, it is claimed, fired his own barn and but for the timely discovery, several other buildings in the village would have been destroyed. The man is 60 years old and of intemperate habits.

Two hundred and fifty men are at work at the booms in Muskegon. All is quiet. The Governor has ordered an examination into the charges against Mayor DeLong.

In some places along the lake-shore fruit is reported not killed, but more generally great damage is reported, if not a total loss.

In less than five years there have been established in this state 25 telephone exchanges which now have more than 3,000 subscribers. There are also 700 private lines.

John Hoffman, Three Rivers, has commenced a \$10,000 improvement on his grist mill. He contemplates discarding the grinding method producing flour and introducing the roller method, with a capacity of 800 barrels daily. Jones Emory also introduces the roller system of manufacture, and will increase the capacity of his mill to 400 barrels daily.

The clothing house of Fred Mabey East Saginaw, has been closed under a chattel mortgage for \$7,000 given yesterday, and attachment issued by Rochester, N. Y. parties Total liabilities estimated at \$34,000; assets are \$7,900.

Major Chas. Bardett, a dwarf traveling with Forepaugh's show, died in Pontiac on the 25th, of congestion of the lungs. He was taken sick at Detroit on the 23d while being exhibited, but went to Pontiac with the troupe. He was born at Damascus, Md. and was 32 years old and 22 inches high and has a twin sister the same height.

Two of the small-pox patients in Battle Creek have died, N. Townsend and his father. Four other patients are very sick with the disease, one of the ward schools has been closed for the present.

Rev. E. Dawe, the Deerfield minister, has been acquitted of burning of the M. R. parsonage.

At base ball the Detroit whitedashed the Chicago champions nine times in succession. Thursday. Detroit again leads the league with 11 victories and 4 defeats.

A fire at Spring Lake burned over 8,000,000 feet of lumber at a loss of \$130,000, insurance \$85,450. Fire caught from sparks from a sawing log.

A fire is raging in the Roscommon woods. The inhabitants are wishing for rain.

Muskegon strikers make an unconditional surrender. All of the mill will start next week.

The Hancock Mining Journal says: A valuable horse belonging to the Mineral Range Railroad Company, deliberately walked off the company's shore front on Monday afternoon into the lake and drowned himself. He was probably deficient in "common horse sense," or else tired of doing daily drudgery for a narrow gauge corporation, and resolved to end the troubles that horse-flesh is heir to by self-destruction.

Ex-Senator Christy testified that his

young wife very soon after marriage twitted him of being an old duffer and plainly told him to his face that he stood before her and happiness, asking at the time for divorce, etc.

L. P. Gale, formerly a well-known journalist of Grand Rapids, has been convicted of forgery. He says he will not go to state prison, and it is expected he will try to commit suicide.

Fred Straight, 22 years of age, fell in love with a pretty girl in Grand Rapids. She didn't fall in love. Therefore he threatened to kill her and was arrested. On his person were a revolver, a razor and several packages of morphine. He has now committed suicide.

Mrs. Wm. B. Warrant of Kalamazoo, has the small-pox. She stated that she contracted it in the Woodhams block on Burdick street.

An investigation there showed that the disease had existed in that block for more than three weeks. Thomas Woodhams had had small-pox and recovered, and his nephews now sick with it. Measures were at once taken to quarantine the infected property.

Clarence Farrar, Flint, an old man was run over by an omnibus and killed, in the crowd viewing Forepaugh's street show.

Judson Russell of Benton Harbor, aged 68 years, has just died of typhoid pneumonia. He was one of the oldest fruit-buyers of the state and was extensively known. He had just moved into an elegant residence, and his sickness was brought on by a cold which he took while moving.

Nearly 7,000 sheep have been shipped from Grass Lake to Texas and other southern and southwestern states during the past year. The last shipment of 900 was made last week.

Alma is to have an \$18,000 hotel. The woolen mills are again in operation.

Ralph Jaywell, of Adrian, is under arrest for aiding Navin to escape. He is out on \$1,000 bail.

J. W. Pierce, a well known farmer near Kalamazoo, while digging in a gravel pit was killed with two employees by the caving in of the bank.

Northville smiles when she thinks of the contemplated glucose factory to be. Later Detroiters say she will turn up her nose.

The Sophomores of Michigan University kidnapped the officers who had in charge the annual freshman supper, and they were not released in time to enjoy the affair.

William Clark of Grand Rapids, the negro who killed the old man Henderson a few weeks ago has been sentenced to State Prison for ten years. Smith, the burglar who broke into Gidding's store and stole a quantity of tobacco, has been sentenced to ten years for two years.

A meeting of forty mill owners at Muskegon, considered a proposition of the mill hands to work eleven hours except Saturday, to quit at 5 and work ten hours that day only, and make no distinction between union and non-union men. The terms were ratified and the mills are all running.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Pacific National Bank, Boston, has again suspended. This being the second time within six months it may be considered equivalent to bankruptcy.

The boiler-makers of New York, Brooklyn and Greenpoint are on a strike for 10 cent more wages. Journeymen plumbers are also on a strike for \$4 per day.

Postmaster-General Howe reports to Congress favoring abolition of postage on second-class matter.

The court decides that a new trial shall be denied in the Guitau case. Reed, Guitau's counsel, says he will not give it up and requires time to consider the next best step.

Whisky men have given up getting through the Senate the "whisky in bond" bill and will now work to secure amendments in the liquor interest.

Nilson & Co.'s grist mill near Marion, Ind., burned Sunday night at a loss of \$8,000 and no insurance.

The Texas oat crop promises at date a harvest of 16,000,000 bushels.

By the suspension of the Pacific national bank the stockholders investment of \$2,000,000 will be wiped out. The depositors being paid in full. The Central National Bank is among the creditors of the Pacific to the amount of \$400,000; but the Central has already assessed its stockholders to this extent. It is believed the losses of other banks will be comparatively small.

Gen. Brady gives bail in the sum of \$20,000 under the new star route indictment.

Secretary Folger has just received \$2,787 from St. Joseph, Mo., conscience money.

A \$47,000 fire occurred in Meridian, Miss. Several newspapers are burned out. The Southern Baptist and Observer among the number.

The Cleveland, O., Board of Education have appointed B. A. Hinsdale, President of Hiram College, Superintendent of Public Schools.

In Pittsburg the 30,000 iron workers threaten another strike.

At the partition sale of the Bennett estate, New York, the bidding was spirited, but in all cases the property was knocked down to James Gordon Bennett. Amount realized, \$1,861,000. The Bennett building in Nassau street realized \$650,000.

In the Ohio supreme court at Columbus the constitutionality of the Pond liquor law is being tested. Very able lawyers are engaged on both sides.

Near Belton, Texas, two men were hanged by a mob for making an assault on a deputy.

Five of Doyle's forged bonds found purchasers in Peoria, Ill. Some were sold in New York. The government is working at the case.

The prosecution in the Malley trial has presented all its direct evidence and the defense has opened.

It is stated that Alexander H. Stephens says he will not accept an independent nomination for governor, but would accept the regular Democratic nomination.

The \$200,000 left by Lewis, New York, to reduce the public debt has been placed at the disposal of the government.

Reports from the cold wave are discouraging: Iowa reports cherries and plums ruined, and apples badly injured. Ice formed a quarter of an inch thick in places. Three inches of snow fell at Davenport and that locality on the 23d. Illinois reports heavy frosts in many localities, with corn badly injured. On the morning of the 24th in Detroit, as in many places in Michigan, the ground was white with frost and the thermometer at the freezing point at 9 o'clock in the morning.

Secretary Folger states the rumor is false that he has discovered the bonds held by the government for whiskey in bonded warehouses to be worthless. He affirms his relation

with Commissioner Raum are pleasant at around.

Postmaster-General Howe states in his letter to Congress among other things that it is doubtful if from any source the people get as much information as from the newspapers and magazines, and hence the importance of removing every obstruction to their free circulation. There certainly is as much force in free postage for paper circulating out of its native country as in it.

Reports from the cold wave in Dakota are greatly exaggerated, say the citizens of Bismarck, the mercury reaching the freezing point which is the coldest in the history of the Signal Service records at this point for this time of the year. It is warm again now, and growing wheat is looking fine. The frost did no damage other than to a few well advanced gardens.

The Senate has voted an appropriation of \$16,000,000 for pension deficiency.

Hogs reached the highest price on record at Chicago on Wednesday—\$2.60 per hundred live weight.

A "national distillers' and liquor dealers' association" was formed this week in Chicago, whose avowed object is not to fight temperance but to oppose prohibition as an interference with personal liberty. Delegates were present from ten states, Michigan included.

Ellen M. Colton, San Francisco, has brought suit against Stanford Wantington, croaker et al for some \$1,722,718, alleging proper valuation was not allowed in transfer of certain stocks and bonds.

The Providence Tool Company will continue business under trustees. The property is valued at over \$2,600,000 with liabilities about half.

The liabilities of R. Porter Lee, President of the defunct First National Bank, Buffalo are \$600,000; assets, \$44,000.

An unprecedented snow storm occurred at Balsam Mountain, North Carolina, on the 24th. The thermometer for a time stood at 83 degrees. The bill relating to the Japanese indemnity fund has passed the House.

John S. Prince, in Boston, has beaten everything in bicycling, riding 50 miles in 3 hrs. 12 m. 38 s. The first 23 miles were made in 1 hr. 19 m. and 3 s.

Last Sunday night Rev. Robert Collier, New York, notified P. T. Barnum in the congregation. He said: "I see P. T. Barnum sitting in a back pew of this church, and I hope him to come forward and take a seat in my family pew. Mr. Barnum always attended a good seat in his circus, and I want to give him a good one in my church."

The Frank Company's smelting works, Leadville, have burned at over \$300,000 loss. The works were the largest in the world and will be rebuilt.

Plans are being made in Missouri to break up the James organization. The whereabouts of Frank James are known and he is reported to be trying to make terms in his own interest and avoid arrest.

The Union pulp and paper company's property at Haverhill, Mass., has been purchased by Massachusetts and New Hampshire capitalists for \$250,000 and will be operated as the Haverhill fibre company.

A \$400,000 fire is reported at Tombstone Arizona. The principal hotels, two news papers, telegraph office, etc., were consumed.

Eight prisoners escaped from the national prison at Tahlequah Ind. Ter., by tunneling under the wall.

Representative Errett of Pennsylvania while alighting from his carriage was thrown against the granite steps, by the horses starting. He received painful bruises. It was feared the bones of the neck were broken.

A fire in the Toledo, O., Griffith Portable Cok manufacturing, employing 100 men, caused at \$40,000 loss, with slight insurance.

An accident on an Illinois Central freight near Mackenda, wrecked five cars. Four cars of grain and a meat car were burned.

A \$20,000 fire is reported from the corner of Washington and Wabash Ave., Chicago: Reinbach & Co.

The New York Herald has on hand a libel suit brought by Senator McMahon of New Jersey, with damages laid at the round sum of \$100,000.

Seven business buildings, including the Farmers' Bank, Sterling, Kansas, burned.

In the suit of the state against Ex-Secretary Newton, Ark., and his sureties for \$48,000 the defendants win, Newton being charged with only technical liability.

At a meeting of the Free Trade League, New York, Beecher in speaking to a toast said Congress had the "functions of a cat and should see that the rat do not eat up the grain the farmer raises."

A coal oil explosion in a grocery at Falls of Schuykill seriously burned nine persons, 20 others being more or less hurt.

Catharine Chase Sprague has secured a divorce from Wm. Sprague, giving Mrs. Sprague the custody of her three daughters, permitting her to resume her maiden name, with leave hereafter to apply for alimony, if she chooses.

The Laclede Rolling mill, St. Louis, is threatened with a strike, and will shut down. The mill employs 500 men, and its pay roll is \$32,000 per month.

Edw. Sheffield, an Arizona prospector, with a party of five men, has fitted a steamer, etc., to accommodate the party in a three years expedition in Alaska. Sheffield believes Alaska is within the mineral belt which extends through South America, Mexico, etc.

A disturbance occurred between George Matthews and James Ford of Lebanon, Mo. The Matthews boys started home in company with Marion Wilson and Homer Sharp. They were fired into by some parties in ambush. Both of the Matthews boys were instantly killed, and Wilson and Sharp both wounded, the former seriously. The Matthews boys were aged 80 and 18.

Ell Gharkey, wife and hired man of Ladfrango, Mo., when returning home from market, were overtaken by a storm. A tree was blown down, instantly killing Mrs. Gharkey and the hired man, demolishing the wagon, and wounding seriously Mr. Gharkey.

While out fishing in Lake Spotted, Chesterfield, N. H., George L. Conley, a well known bass, and Herman Rietzel, pianist of the Clara Louise Kellogg concert company, were drowned.

Portland, Oregon, has suffered a \$75,000 fire which cleaned out entirely one business block.

The St. Louis Globe Democrat has purchased a new double Hoe Perfecting Press, which inserts and pastes a supplement of two or four pages and delivers complete papers of either ten or twelve folios at the rate of 24,000 copies per hour.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, Mr. Miller introduced a joint resolution to authorize the President to declare martial law in Alaska. Referred. Mr. Hoar then addressed the Senate on the subject of the Geneva award question, being upon the House bill on the subject. He briefly stated that the bill makes provision for claims of the expropriated Russian claims and war premium men to the exclusion of the insurance companies. The Secretary of War asks a special appropriation of \$25,000, not later than June 1, for the purpose of dispatching a vessel with men and supplies for the relief expedition last year sent to Lady Franklin Bay.

In the House, Mr. Calkins called up as a privileged question the contested election case of Mackay vs. Dibble. A call of the House was ordered, which disclosed the presence of 538 members. The doors were then closed and the Sergeant-at-Arms directed to take absent members into custody. No quorum being found, Mr. Calkins gave notice that he would bring up the election case to-morrow.

In the Senate, Mr. Logan reported from the Military Committee that a provision be inserted in the Army Appropriation bill for the establishment of an army and navy hospital at Hot Springs, Ark. Referred. The Senate proceeded with the bill for the distribution of the Geneva award. All the amendments were rejected and the bill passed as received from the House, yeas 38, nays 12.

In the House the struggle over the contested election case of Mackay vs. Dibble was resumed, but no quorum being found, the session for the evening was dispensed with, and the House adjourned.

May 24.—In the Senate Mr. Logan reported favorably and asked immediate consideration of the House joint resolution appropriating \$18,000,000 to supply the deficiency in the appropriation for army pensions for the current fiscal year. Passed. Under the order for the calendar the Senate, yeas 24, nays 23, passed the Senate bill for the relief of the officers and crew of the United States steamer Monitor, who participated in the action with the rebel ram Merrimack in March, 1862. The amount of the appropriation is stated at the actual value of the Merrimack at the date of the action, not exceeding \$300,000.

In the House Mr. Calkins, rising to a question of personal privilege, sent to the clerk's desk and had read that portion of the letter written by Mr. Hewitt to Mr. Manning, which charges that the committee on elections refused to investigate the charges of forgery proffered before that committee. Mr. Calkins stated that when these charges were made by a member of congress it was a reflection on every member of the committee. The committee had never failed to inquire into the truth of any charge before it. A long and noisy discussion arose as to the action of the committee. Mr. Atherton claiming it had refused to inquire into the charges of forgery, and Mr. Calkins denying the statement. The afternoon was spent in filibustering without a quorum, and members were notified to bring five days' rations to-morrow.

May 25.—Mr. Bayard reported from the finance committee a modification of the measure recently reported by him as a substitute for the House bonded scrip bill. He said the amended bill now reported contained modifications which have been compared in conjunction with the Treasury Department relating to the bonds to be given for the extended warehousing period, and providing warehousing regulations as to spirits made from grapes, apples and peaches. Senate bill providing for opening obstructions to full navigation of navigable waters of the United States and requiring bridge corporations to erect sheer booms, etc., to aid boats in passing without striking bridge piers, was passed.

In the House, Mr. Calkins called up the contested election case of Mackay vs. Dibble, against which Mr. Blackburn raised the question of consideration. Dilatory motions were submitted by Messrs. Converse, Carlisle and Randall, and the day was spent in wrangling. There being a special order for a session to-night to consider pension bills, and as the Democrats refused to allow that order to be rescinded, the House, on motion of Mr. Calkins, adjourned until to-morrow. A Republican caucus was announced to take place immediately.

May 25.—In the Senate the bill appropriating \$15,000 for a lighthouse at Little Traverse harbor, Lake Michigan, was passed. The Creek orphan fund bill and the Japanese indemnity bill were successively taken up and went over without action.

In the House the Mackay-Dibble election contest was resumed, and the day was passed in wrangling and filibustering, without result. The House committee on commerce will report favorably Mr. Townsend's bill for a board of railroad commissioners, as a bureau of the interior department.

May 27.—After three or four dilatory motions Mr. Calkins, asked and obtained unanimous consent to submit a proposition that the House proceed to the consideration of the Mackay, Dibble case; that after six hours' discussion the House shall vote on the question of recommitment by a yeas and nays vote, and if it be decided in the negative thereupon the House shall continue to consider the case until finished without filibustering motions. Mr. Randall—"The proposition is not satisfactory and I object to further discussion in regard thereto." Several roll calls followed on dilatory motions. After 4 o'clock further proceedings under the call were dispensed with.

Mr. Dunn introduced through the petition box a joint resolution appropriating \$100,000 to be expended by the Secretary of War for the relief of persons rendered destitute by the recent overflow of the Mississippi River and its tributaries. Referred. The joint resolution was accompanied by a letter addressed to Dunn by Gov. Mangum, of Arkansas, under date of May 22, stating the present overflow is, in many respects, more disastrous than that of February and March last, and unless Congress come to the aid of the destitute persons of the overflowed sections starvation is imminent.

FOREIGN.

The Egyptian ministry continue hostile preparations. A fleet of torpedo boats is being laid along the coast. Native carpenters and smiths have been summoned to the Citadel. All the officers have been required to swear to defend the government against intervention. An attempt has been made to exact a similar understanding from the Bedouin sheiks, but they refuse to pledge themselves to resist Turkish intervention.

The steamer Peruvia has just been towed into Quebec after one of the most dangerous passages on record. She was 26 days at sea.

much of the time imprisoned in ice fields and drifting helplessly with a broken crew. She was caught in the ice off Cape May Bay, and received no relief till the 15th. The ice was in chunks about 50 feet square. She had about 800 passengers on board, who suffered greatly from lack of food and fuel. Biscuits were ordered to be served out only every other morning.

Disastrous results are inevitable in Egypt from the absence of administrative government, neglect of all precautions for insuring water for crops and the absence of labor owing to conscription. The natives entreat the protection of the British Consul General against soldiers, stating that their villages are becoming deserted through fear. The English and French declare their intention of preserving order.

Mr. Richter, editor of a workmen's socialist paper Vienna, has been convicted of treasonable utterances and sentenced to 12 years' imprisonment at hard labor.

The Anglo-French interference is displaying to the Egyptian ministry and the president of the Council of Ministers has sent the following note to the Khedive: "Your acceptance of the ultimatum is contrary to the unanimous advice of your Ministers. As the admission of intervention of foreign powers is an infringement of the rights of the Sultan, we tender our resignations." The Khedive accepted the resignations.

The British and French Consuls-General have called on Arabi Bey and declare that they hold him personally responsible for the maintenance of public security. The Khedive has issued a proclamation to the provincial authorities enjoining them to use special vigilance for maintaining public security. The Khedive announced in a proclamation to the army that he personally assumes command. Whereupon he received a telegram from the military commanders at Alexandria in which they declare they will not recognize anybody but Arabi Bey, and demand his reinstatement within twelve hours. After the expiration of that time, they say, they will not be responsible for the maintenance of order, and serious trouble is imminent.

A World of Good.

One of the most popular medicines now before the American public, is Hop Bitters. You see it everywhere. People take it with good effect. It builds them up. It is not as pleasant to the taste as some other Bitters, as it is not a whisky drink. It is more like the old-fashioned bone-set tea, that has done a world of good. If you don't feel just right, try Hop Bitters.—Nunda News.

Princess Louise is enroute to Canada. She sailed on the 25th.

HAYESVILLE, Ohio, Feb. 11, 1886.

I am very glad to say I have tried Hop Bitters, and never took anything that did me so much good. I only took two bottles and I would not take \$100 for the good they did me. I recommend them to my patients, and get the best results from their use.

C. B. MERREB, M. D.

Jews are continuing to leave Russia by the thousands.

DETROIT MARKETS.

THE PRODUCE AND PROVISION MARKETS are supplied at rates as follows: Mutton pork \$20.75; family, \$22.00; clear, \$23.00; lard, 12a for tallow; 12c for lard; ham, 12c @ 13c; shoulders, 11c; bacon 14c; dried beef, 13c @ 15c; extra mess beef, 14.50. Chickens were sold at 12c @ 14c. per lb., white fish and trout 7c @ 8c.

VEGETABLES.—Jobbing prices were as follows: Per doz bunches asparagus, 65c @ 70c; cucumbers, 70c @ 75c; onions, 35c @ 40c; plantain, 45c @ 50c; radishes, 45c @ 50c; vegetable oyster, 45c @ 50c. Per box, string beans, \$2 50 @ 2 75; peas, \$2 75 @ 3; per bu., lettuce, 60c @ 65c.

FLOUR.	
White wheat, roller process	\$5 75 @ 7 00
White wheat pastry	\$6 00 @ 6 25
Seconds	4 00 @ 4 50
Minnesota brands	7 25 @ 7 75
Minnesota patents	8 00 @ 8 25
Wheat—White # 1	1 25 @ 1 30
CLOVER SEED—# 1	4 00 @ 4 70
CORN—# 1	70 @ 78
OATS—# 1	50 @ 57
STRAWBERRIES—per qt.	25 @ 30
RANLEY—# 1	3 00 @ 3 25
CHERRIES—Ohio and Mich. # 1	11 @ 12
DRIED FRUIT—Apples, # 1	5 @ 6
—evap'd	12 @ 13
—Peaches	15 @ 23
—Pitted cherries	20 @ 21
BRANS—# 1	2 50 @ 2 75
BUTTER—# 1 choice	18 @ 20
KEESWAX—# 1	20 @ 22
EGGS—# 1 doz	17 @ 18
HAMS—per ton	14 00 @ 15 00
SIDES—# 1	6 @ 7
HIDES—# 1	7 @ 8
HOPS—# 1 lb.	20 @ 25
POTATOES—# 1 bu.	1 00 @ 1 10
SHEEP PRICES—each	75 @ 1 75
TALLOW—# 1 lb.	54 @ 57
WOOD—# 1 cord	4 00 @